



HIGH EFFICIENCY CARBON DIOXIDE COMPRESSOR AND SYSTEM

Shanghai, 04.2021

Wang Yi



DAS HERZ DER FRISCHE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A large, industrial-grade CO2 compressor unit, painted in a light green color. It has a complex design with various ports, valves, and a control box on top. The unit is shown from a three-quarter perspective, highlighting its robust construction.

// Motivation and environment

// BITZER's strategy and ready

// A new generation of energy efficient CO2 compressors

// Compressors in carbon dioxide booster systems

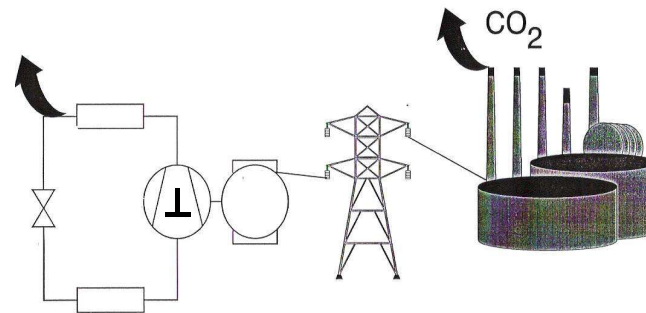
// Study conclusions

MOTIVATION



// General targets

- Increase of energy efficiency
- Minimize carbon emission
- Cutback the use of HFC's

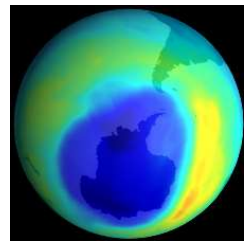
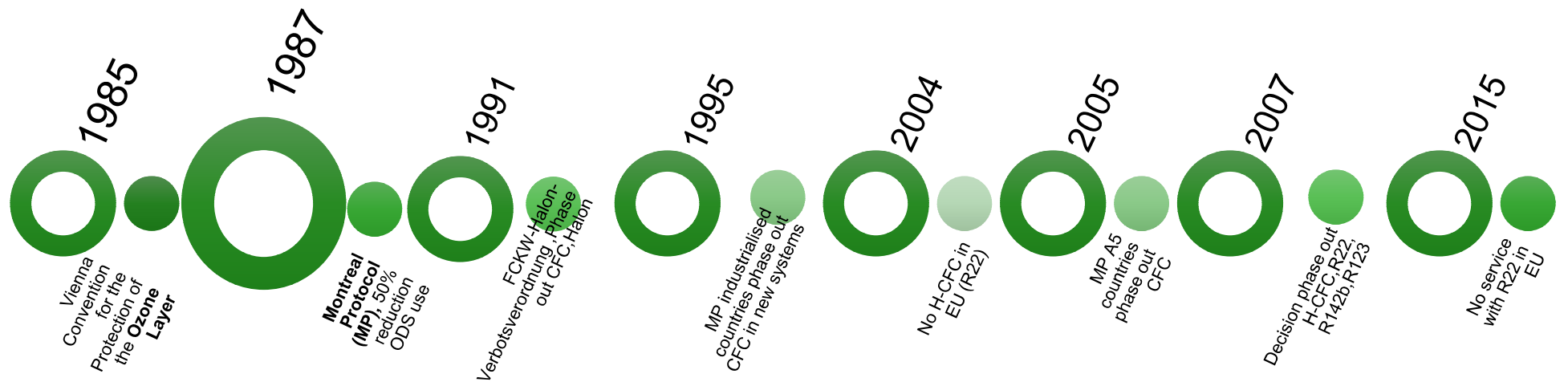


In an ideal situation, highest annual energy efficiencies are achieved with a natural refrigerant in a simple and cost effective way!

INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENT



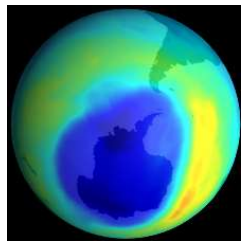
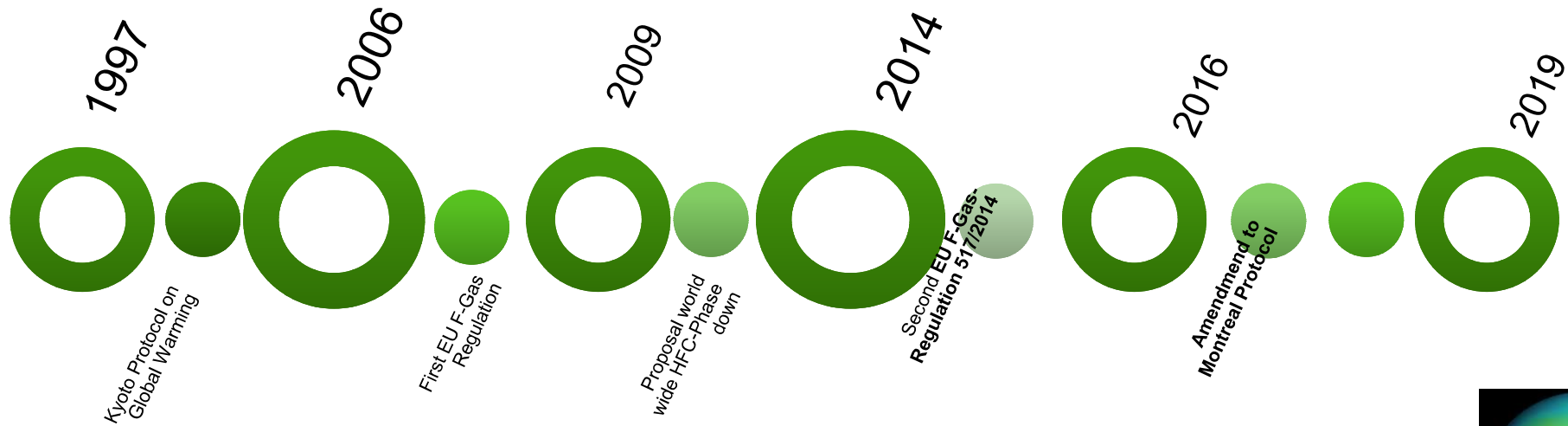
TIME LINE 1: OZONE DEPLETION ODP



INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENT



TIME LINE 2: GLOBAL WARMING GWP



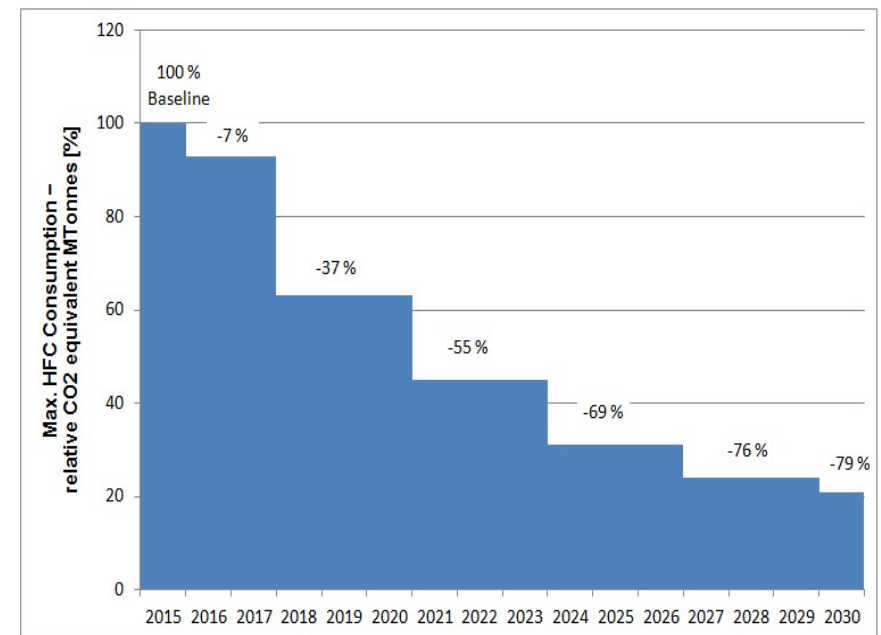
INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENT



EU F-GAS REGULATION 517/2014

// HFC use bans in RAC sectors from 2015 on (selection)

- 2015 domestic R + F
- 2020 Stationary Refrigeration GWP > 2500
Commercial R + F GWP > 2500
Movable AC GWP > 150
 - Exception for Refr. <-50 °C
- 2022 Commercial R + F GWP > 150
Multipack commercial ... GWP > 150
 - Cascade primary system GWP > 1500
- 2025 Split AC GWP > 750

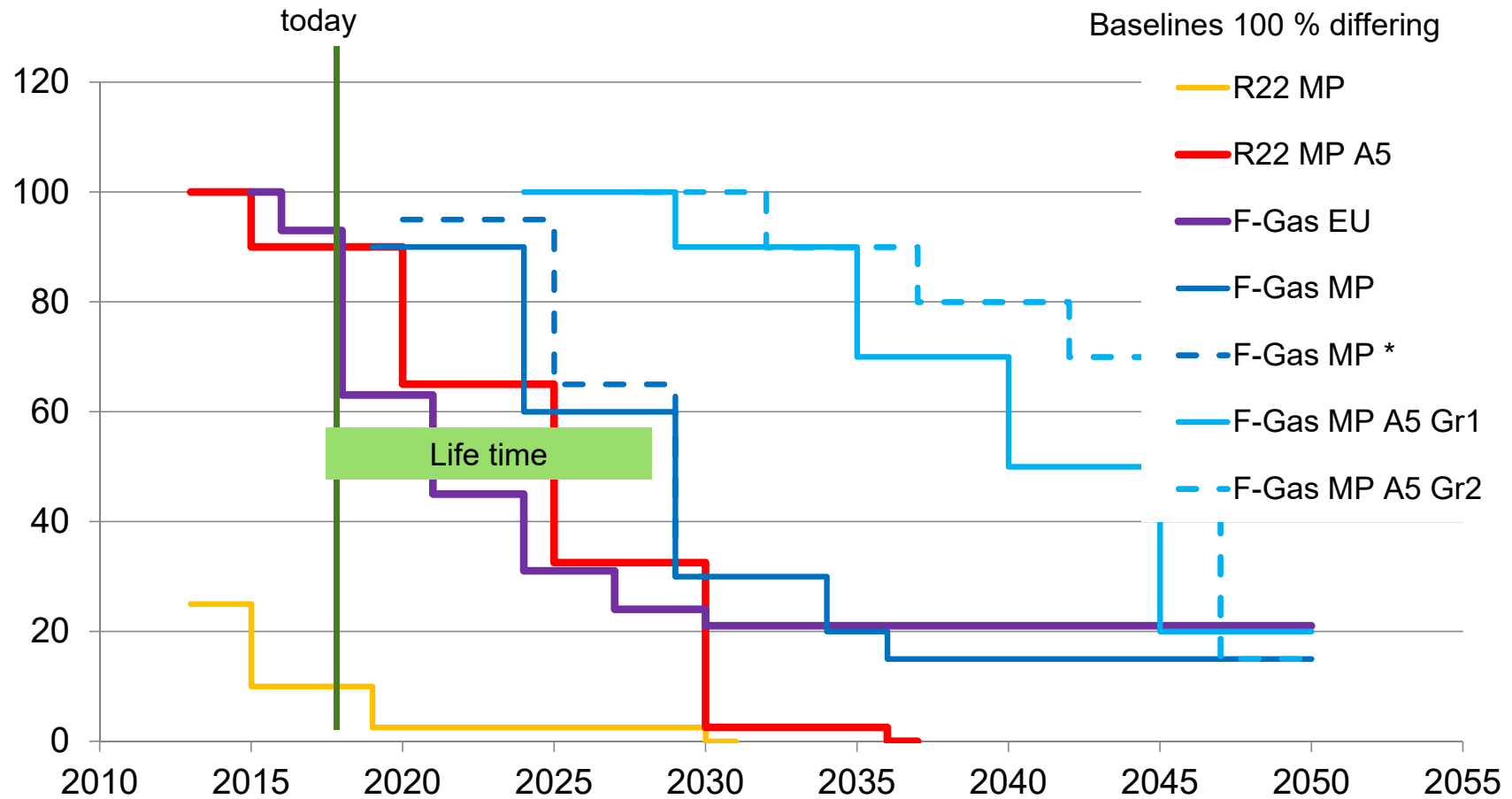


ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT IN CHINA



- // 1989 Environmental Protection Law P.R.C
 Energy Conservation Law P.R.C
- // 1991 Agreement in Montreal Protocol
- // 2000 Air Pollution Prevention and Control Law
- // 2009 CO2 Emission/GDP in 2020 40%~45%↓ (compared with 2005)
- // 2014 National plan for tackling climate change (2014-2020 years)
- // 2016 Amendmend to Montreal Protocol
 (HFC use 85%↓ in 2020-22 by 2045)
- // 2019 **Kigali Amendment**
 (HFC 80%↓ by 2045, <0.5degree increase by end of 21century)

CHALLENGES IN REFRIGERATION



STRESS FIELD OF NEW DEVELOPMENTS

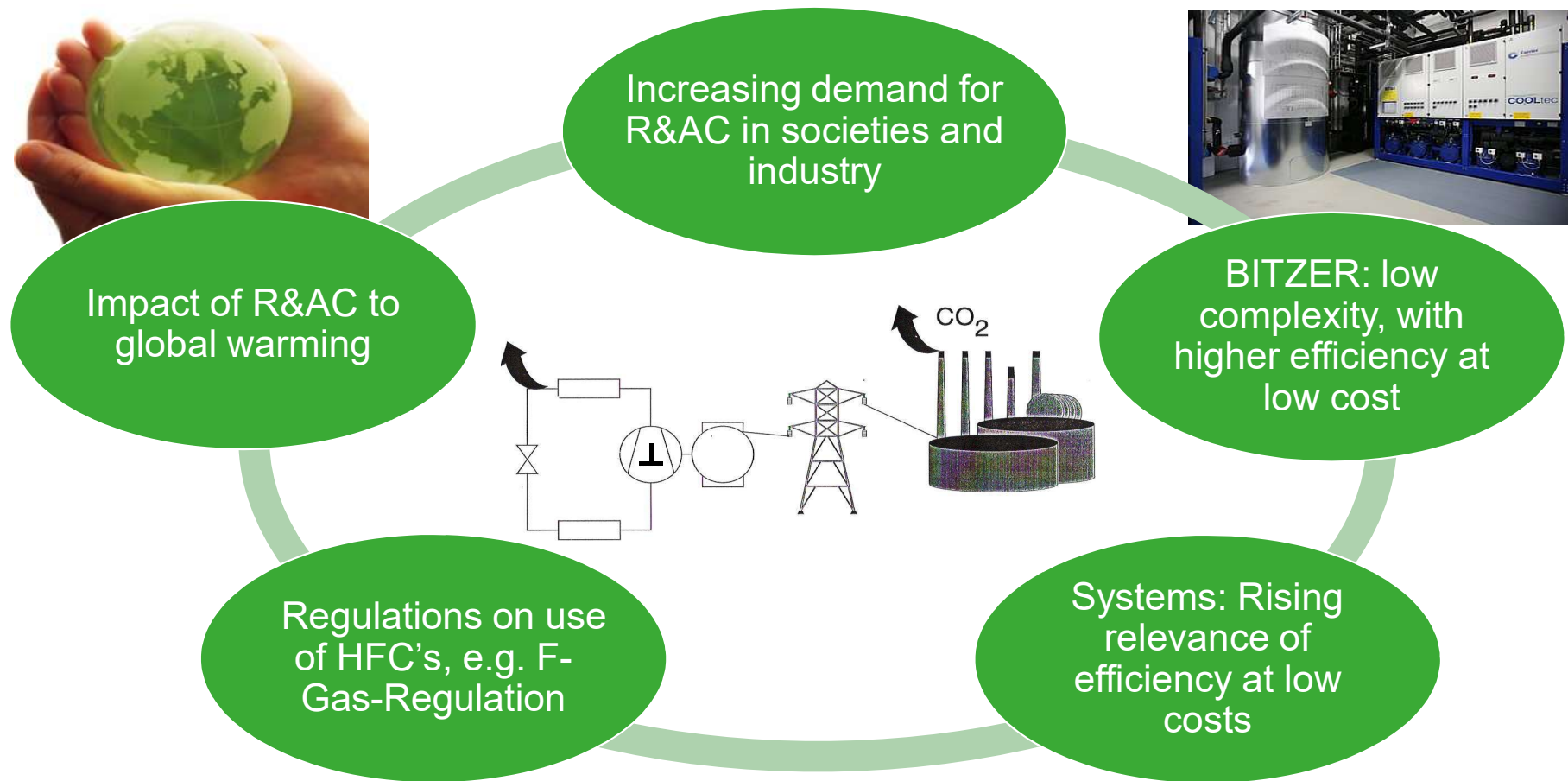


TABLE OF CONTENTS



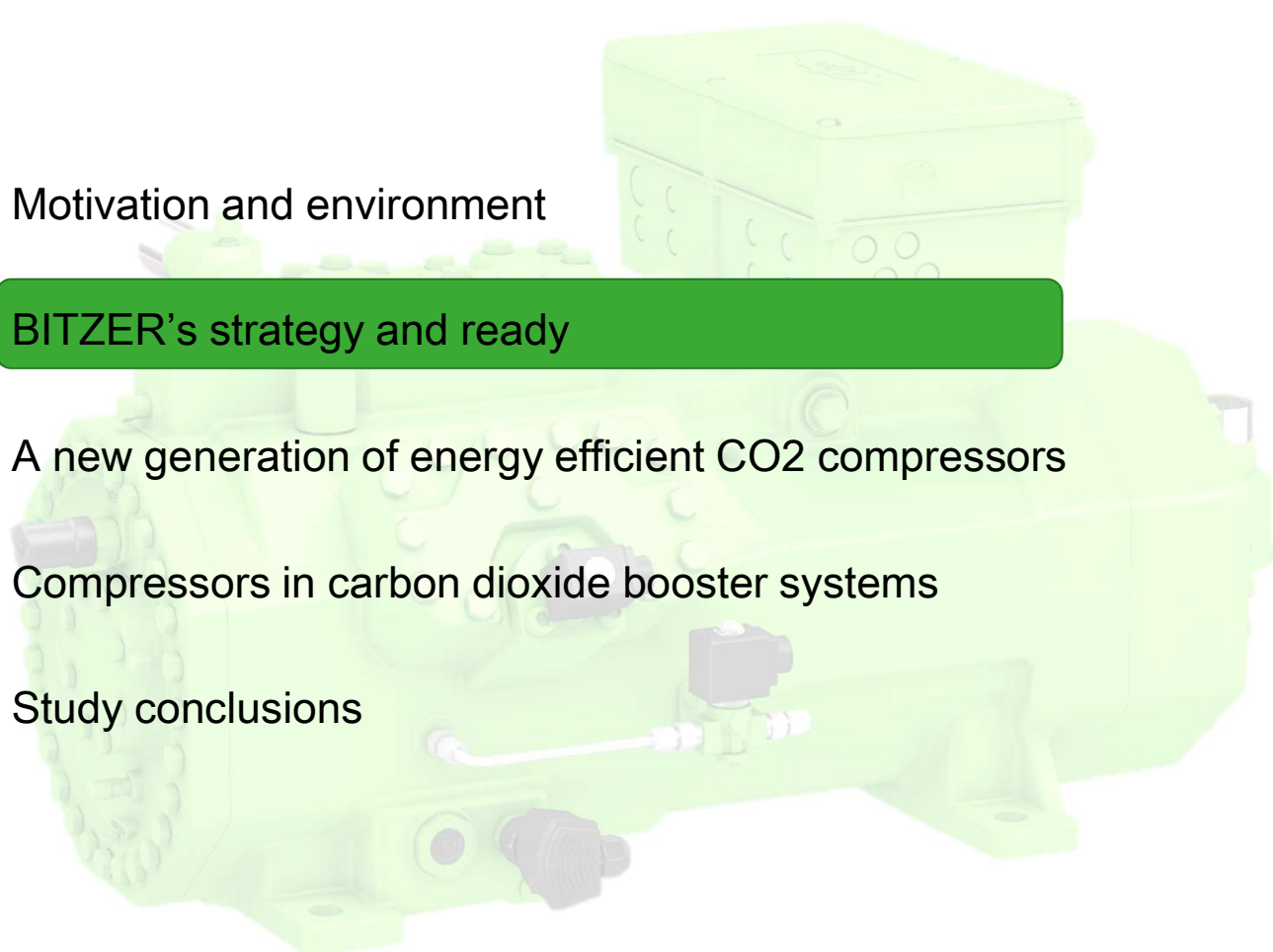
// Motivation and environment

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// Study conclusions



Three Main Product Development Tracks



Low GWP/
Natural Refrigerants



Efficiency Increase
in Full- and Part-Load



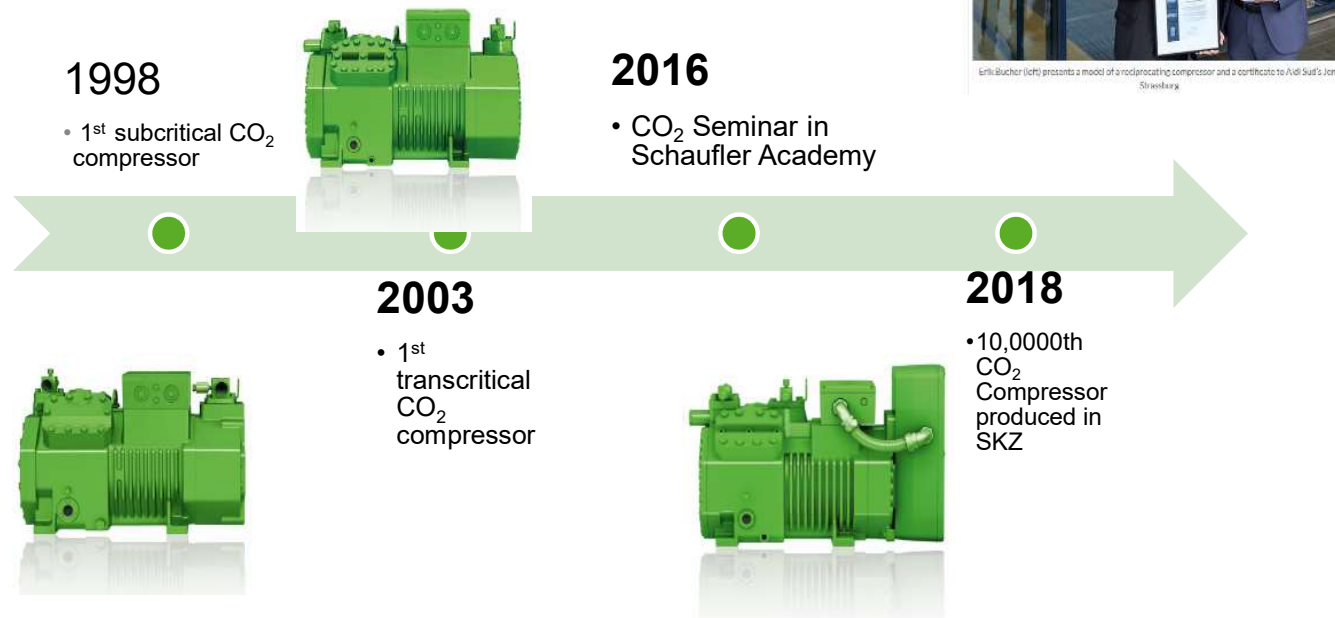
Intelligent Products &
User-Friendliness

BITZER READY FOR NATURAL REFRIGERANTS

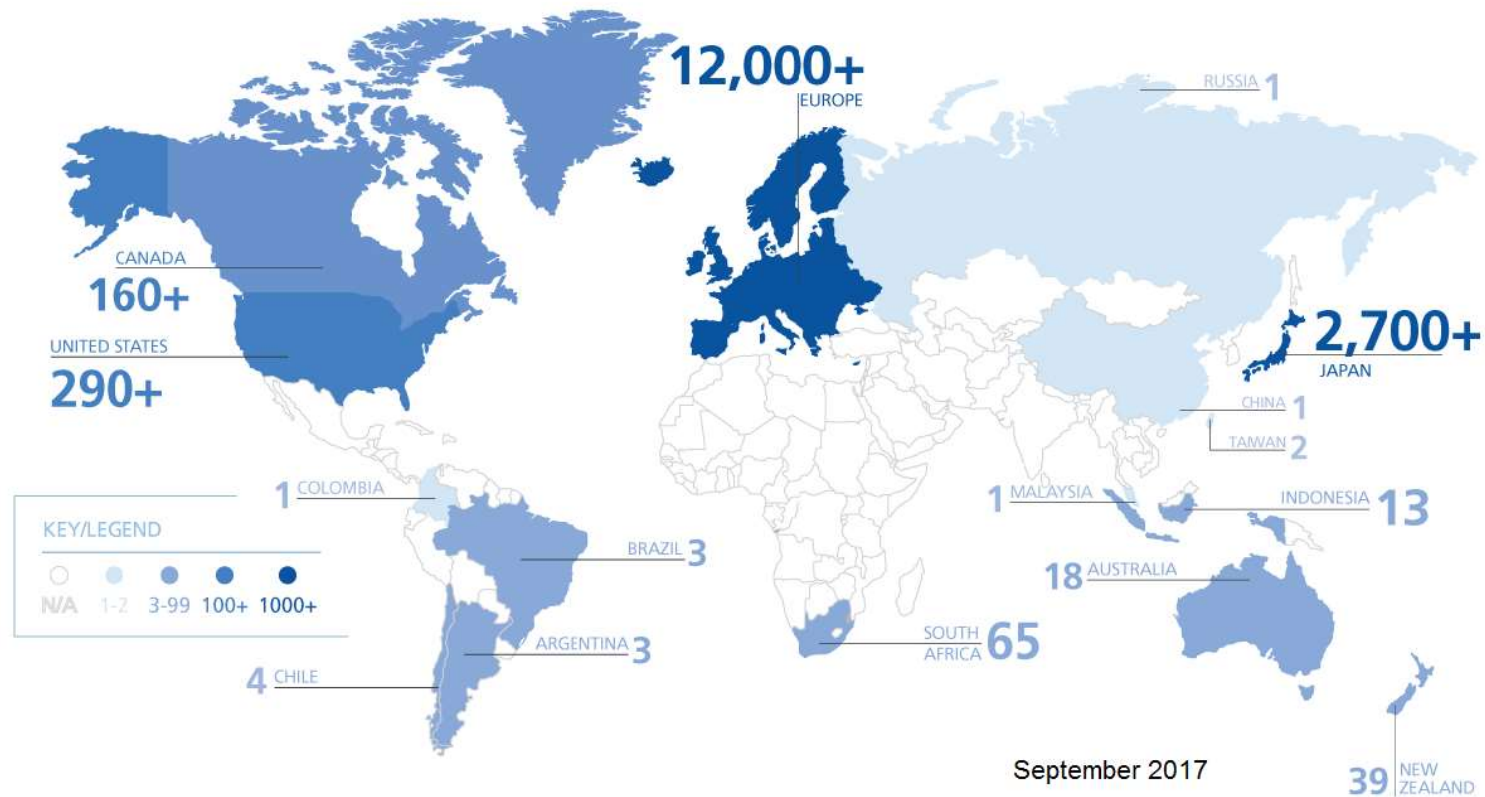


BITZER product with nature refrigerants

- CO₂ Reciprocating Compressor



BITZER READY FOR NATURAL REFRIGERANTS



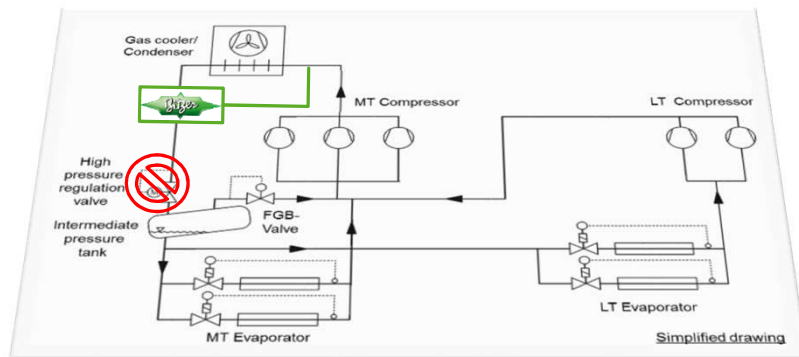
BITZER: > 100,000 sold CO₂ compressors, mainly in commercial refrigeration!

BITZER READY FOR BETTER EFFICIENCY-CONSISTENTLY&PERMANENTLY

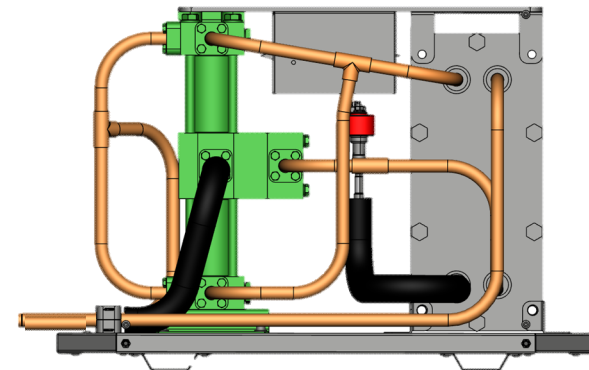


Improving performance of system:

// Expander compressor unit with heat exchanger to „sub cool“ the main CO2 stream



- Efficiency increase (SEPR* +13 %)
- Capacity increase (Qo** +20 %)



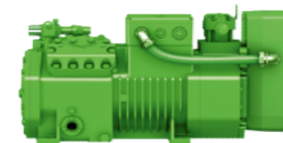
* Strassbourg climate
** 32°C ambient temperature

BITZER READY FOR INTELLIGENT PRODUCT AND BETTER FRIENDLINESS



// Better products & better Service

- Bitzer Software
- BEST
- IQ Module
- Varipack & Varispeed



INTELLIGENT PRODUCT AND FRIENDLINESS



INSTALL ✓

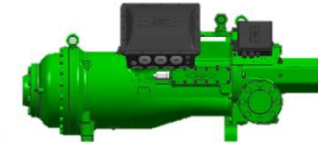
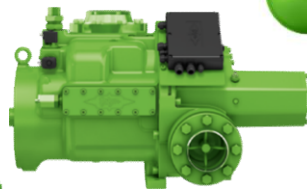
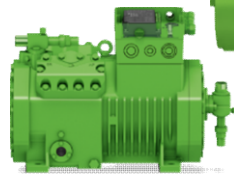
OPERATE ✓

COMMUNICATE ✓

LOG DATA ✓

VISUALIZE ✓

PROTECT ✓



BEST APP

ROAD TO DIGITALIZATION

BITZER READY FOR INTELLIGENT PRODUCT AND BETTER FRIENDLINESS



Broad service portfolio

// Our worldwide service network Green Point ensures that our customers find the service they need wherever they are:



- Compressor repairs and overhauls by compressor specialists
- Technical training and expertise
- Detailed documentation of our products

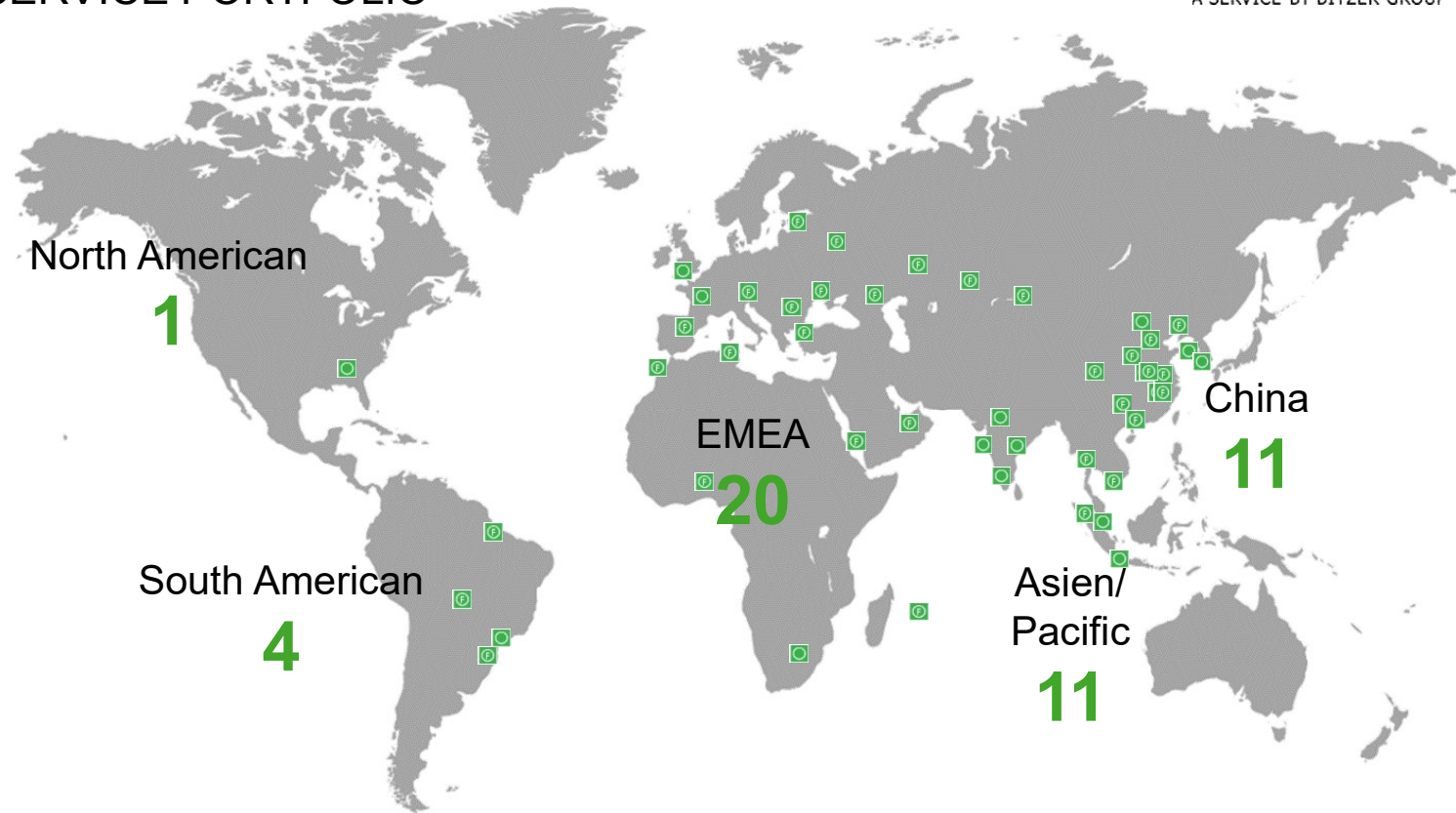


BITZER READY FOR INTELLIGENT PRODUCT AND BETTER FRIENDLINESS

BROAD SERVICE PORTFOLIO



Green Point®
A SERVICE BY BITZER GROUP



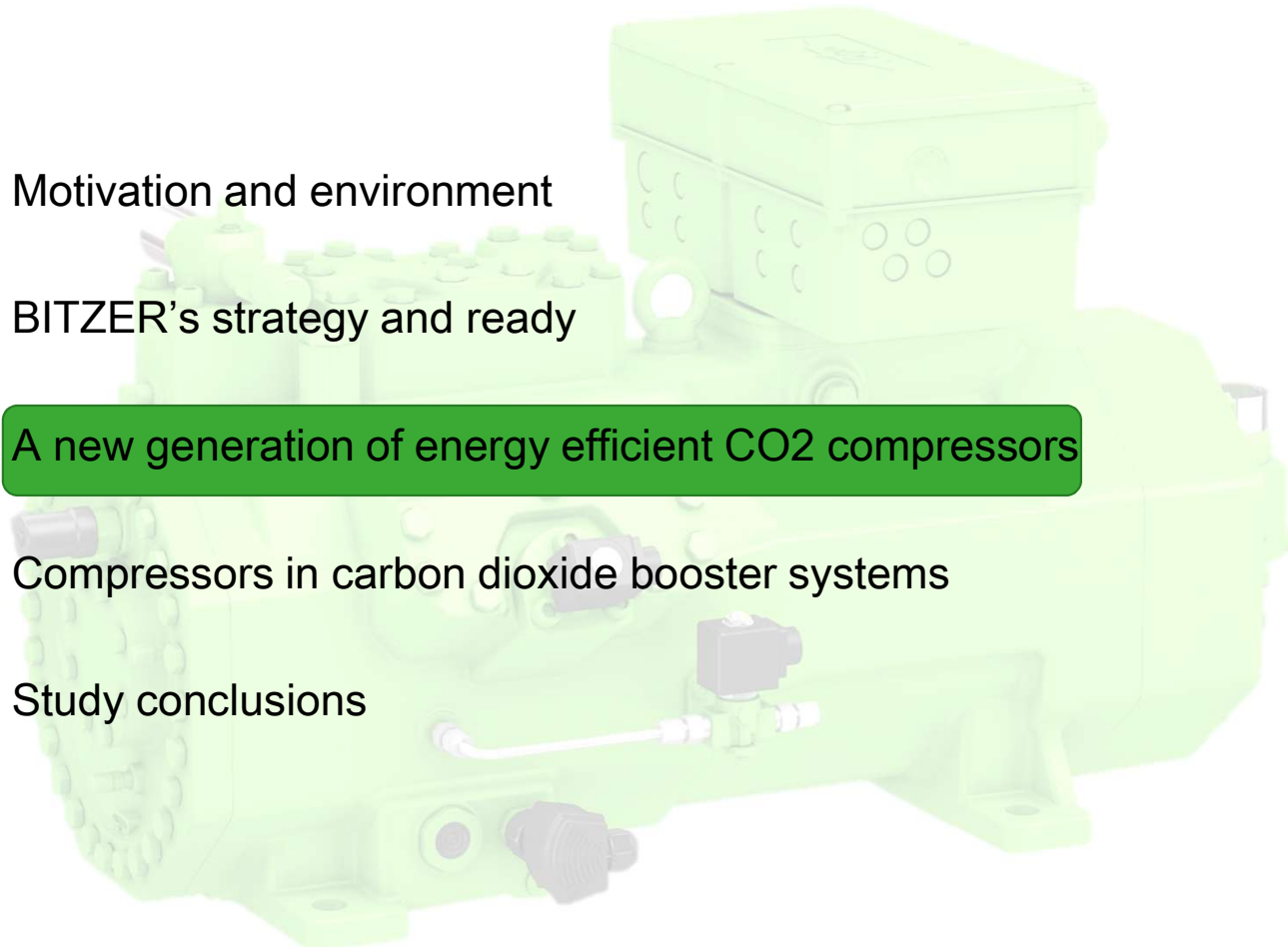
Since 2016: 47 location

BITZER GP: 14

Franchise: 33

TABLE OF CONTENTS



- 
- A large, industrial-grade Bitzer CO2 compressor unit, shown in a light green color. It has a complex design with various ports, valves, and a control box on top. The unit is mounted on a base with feet.
- // Motivation and environment
 - // BITZER's strategy and ready
 - // A new generation of energy efficient CO2 compressors
 - // Compressors in carbon dioxide booster systems
 - // Study conclusions

THE NEXT GENERATION OF ENERGY EFFICIENT COMPRESSORS



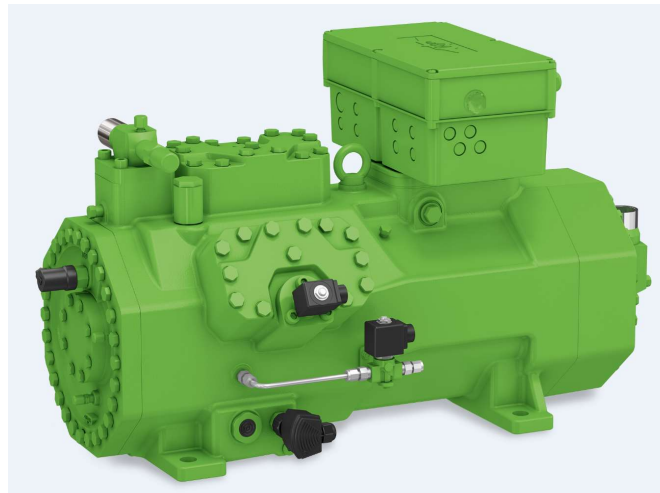
Highest eco-efficiency

Optimized efficiency for full and part load

Lowest CO₂ footprint, simple, smart, cost-effective

CRII for CO₂: World novelty, step less, easy, flexible

New oil return management



LSPM motor: Efficiency & robustness

IQ module: Operating of integrated functions

THE INTEGRAL APPROACH

ENERGY EFFICIENT



Higher COP

// Increased efficiency is based on

- Higher motor efficiency (**LSPM**)
- Higher mass flow rates due to synchronous speed
- Higher mass flow rates due to higher suction gas density

Focus on **annual energy efficiency** is most important

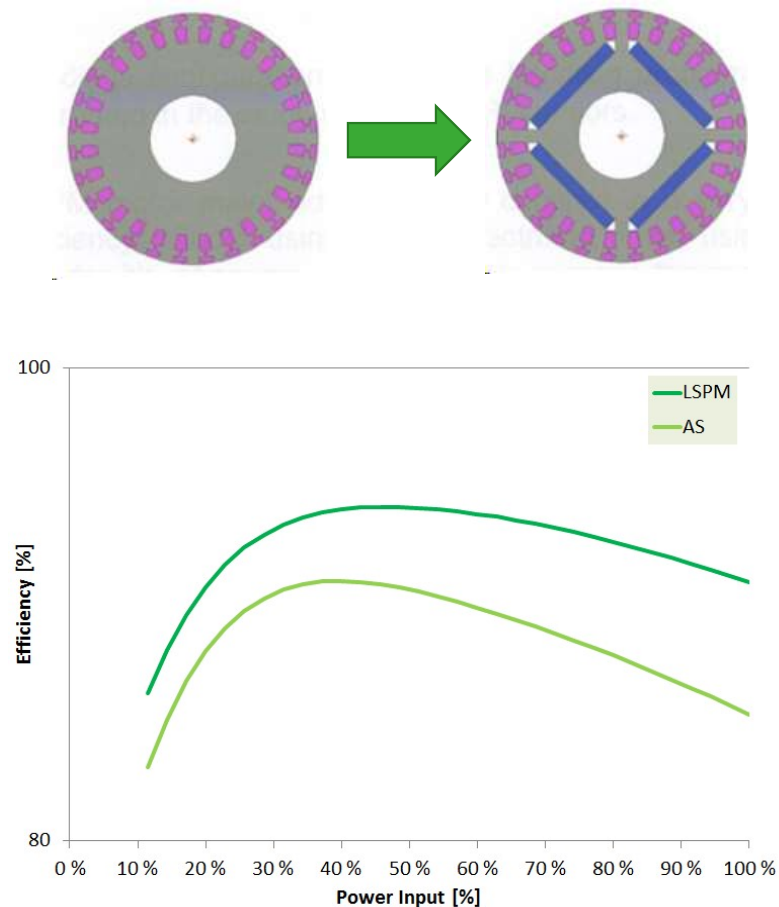
// Benefit dependent on

- Motor size and torque requirement
- System configuration (number and size of comp., VSD, etc.)
- Climate and load profile of the supermarket

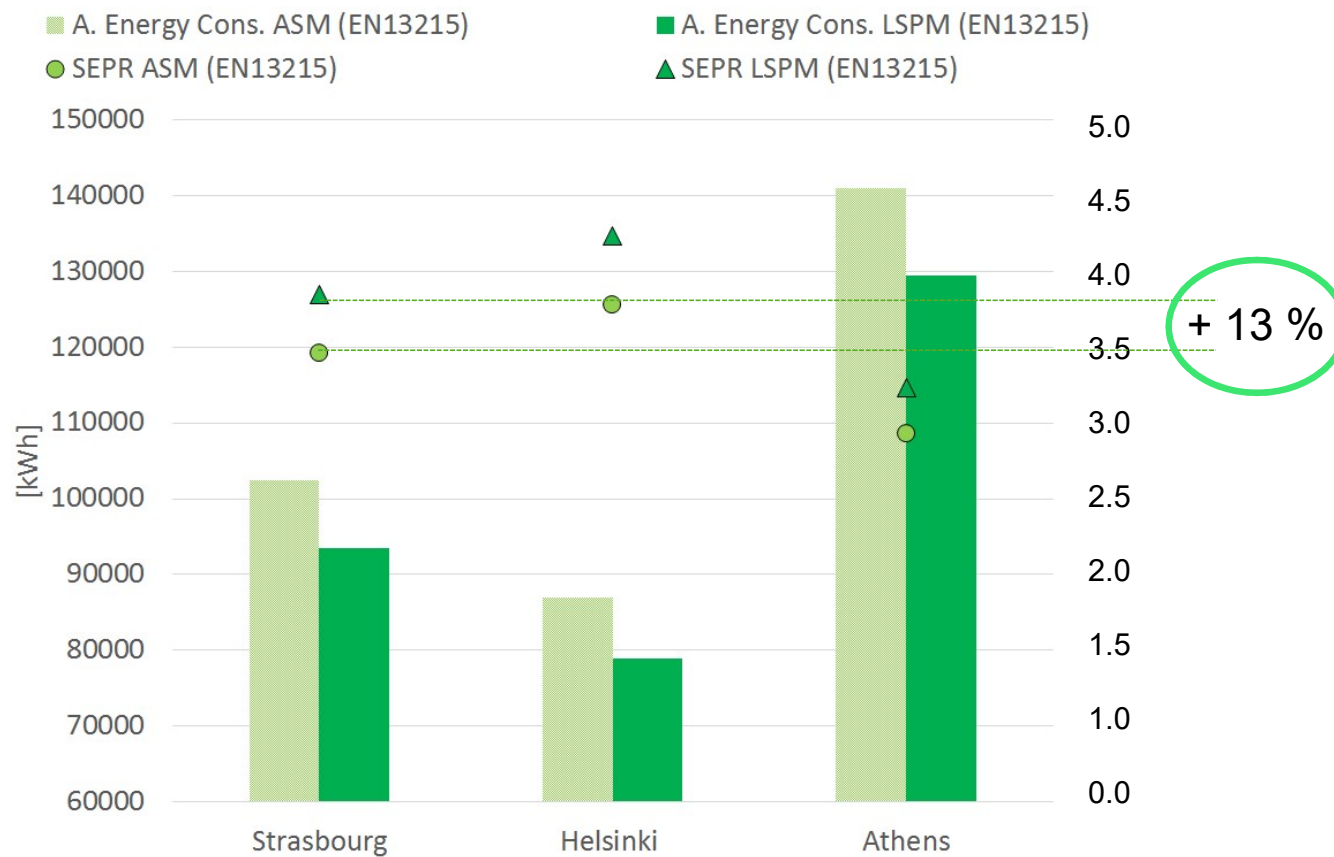
LSPM



- // Line Start Permanent Magnet
- // Stator generates rotating field
- // Start: Squirrel cage generates magnetic field (asynchronous start)
- // Operation: Magnetic field in rotor is generated by permanent magnet
- // No current dependent losses in squirrel cage due to heating effect caused by induced current = higher efficiency
- // Synchronous speed, not dependent on torque requirement
- // Higher breaking torque, theoretically acts like a generator at coast down
- // Combines efficiency and robustness, flexible operation on mains and VSD



SEPR – EN13215: 4DTC-25K (ASM) VS. 4DTEU-25LK (LSPM)



PARALLEL COMPOUND: ROI CALCULATION MUST BE BASED ON ANNUAL OPERATING HOURS

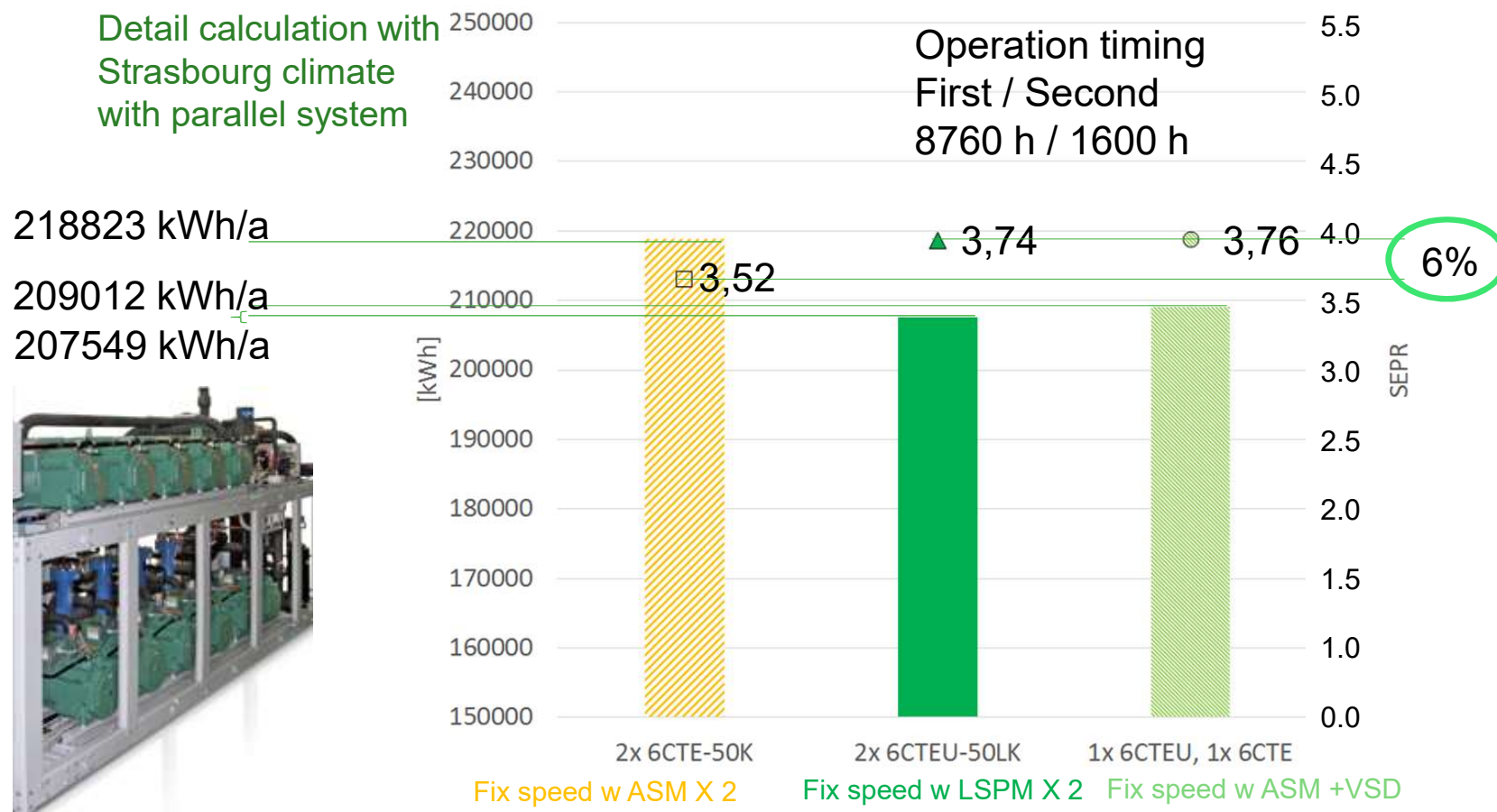
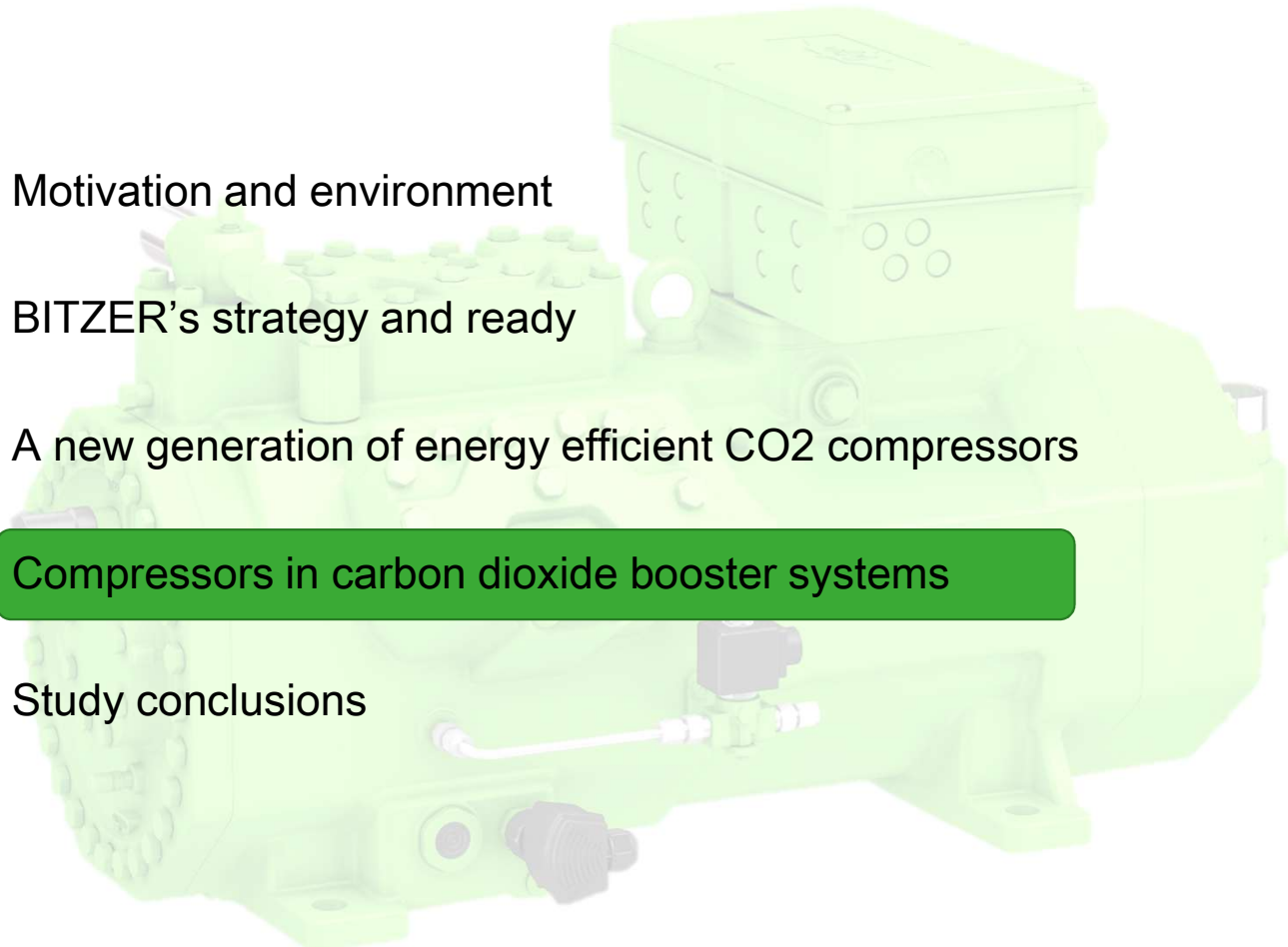


TABLE OF CONTENTS

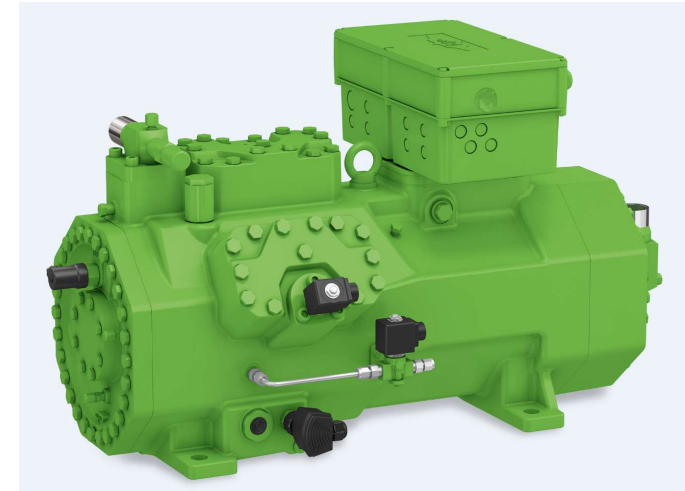


- 
- // Motivation and environment
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APPLICATION INTRODUCTION OF CO2 COMPRESSORS



- // The first prototype compressors for sub-critical CO₂ applications were supplied to research institutions like the DTI in Denmark in the years 1995 to 1998.
- // In the year 2000, the first commercial HFC/CO₂ cascade system was installed in Bettembourg in Luxembourg by Linde.
- // The propane/CO₂ cascade system was installed McDonald in Vejle , Denmark , it was designed and engineered by DTI in 2002.
- // In the year 2004, Linde commissioned the first all CO₂ system for trans-critical application in Wettingen, Switzerland.
- // The 4th generation of CO₂ compressors made by BITZER in the year 2010.
- // Has sold more than 100.000 CO₂ compressors by the end of February 2018.

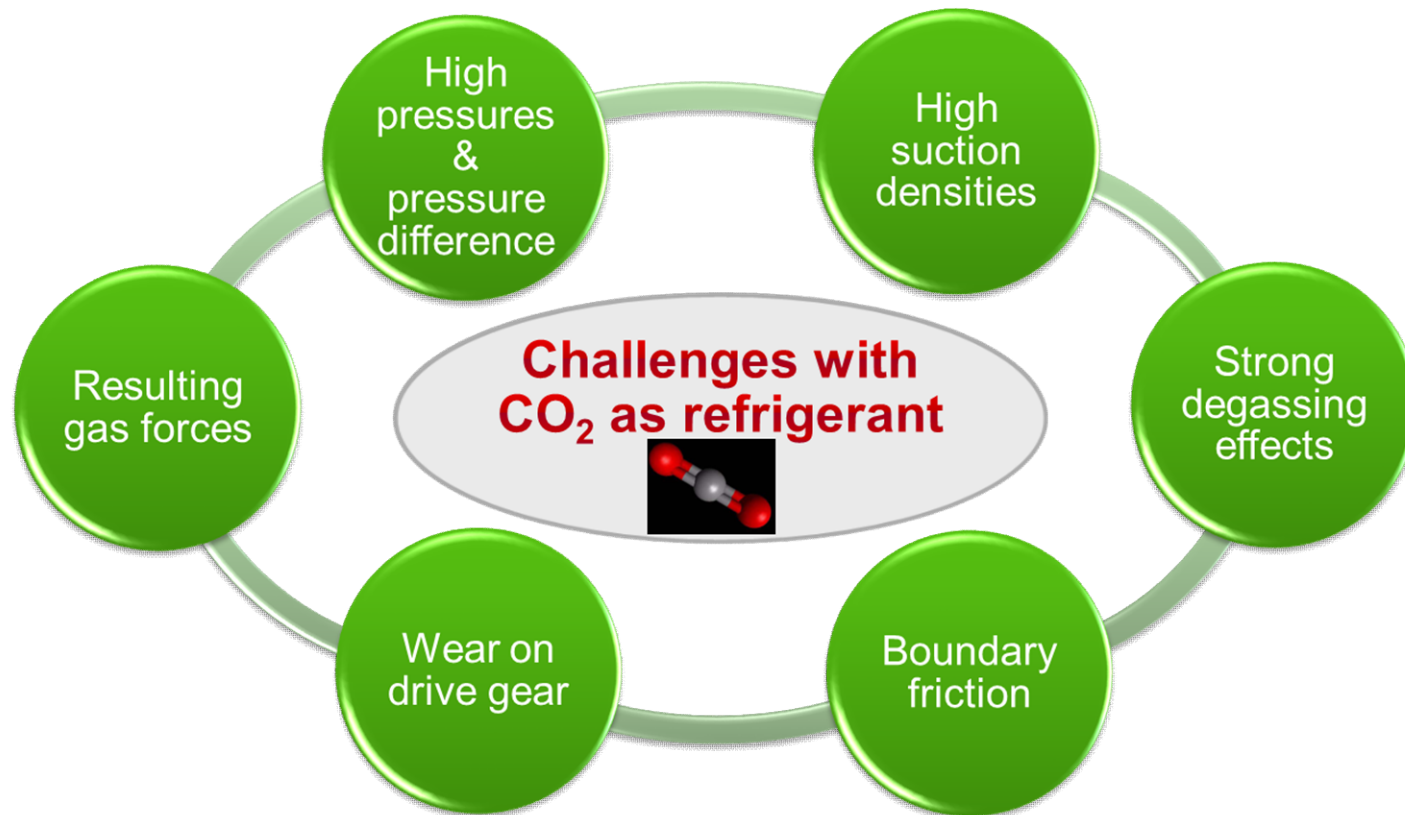


The 4th generation of CO₂ compressor of the ECOLINE+ series

CHALLENGES WITH CO₂ AS REFRIGERANT



Influences on the reliability of a CO₂ compressor



THE SOLUTION — BITZER CO2 COMPRESSOR

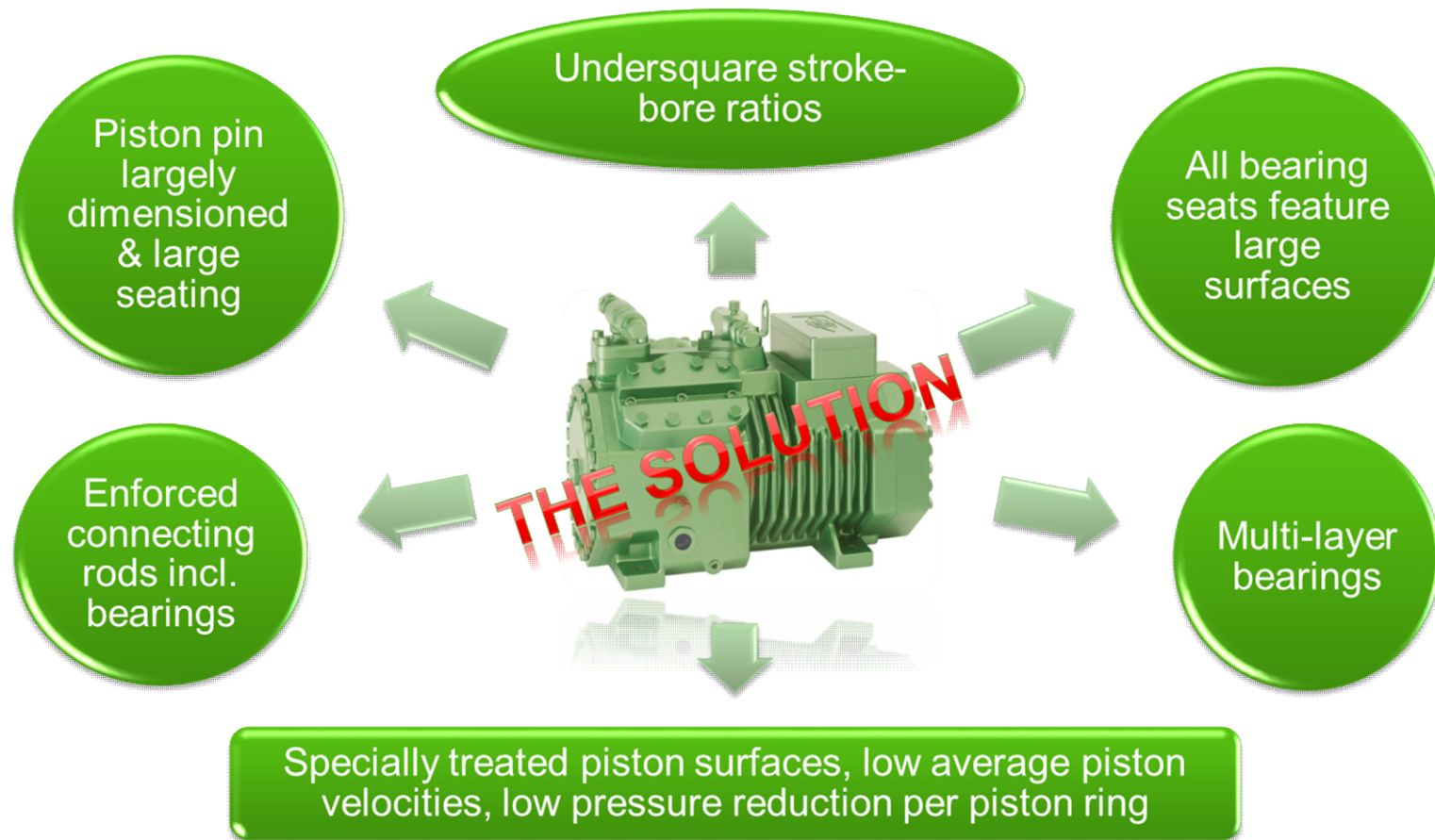
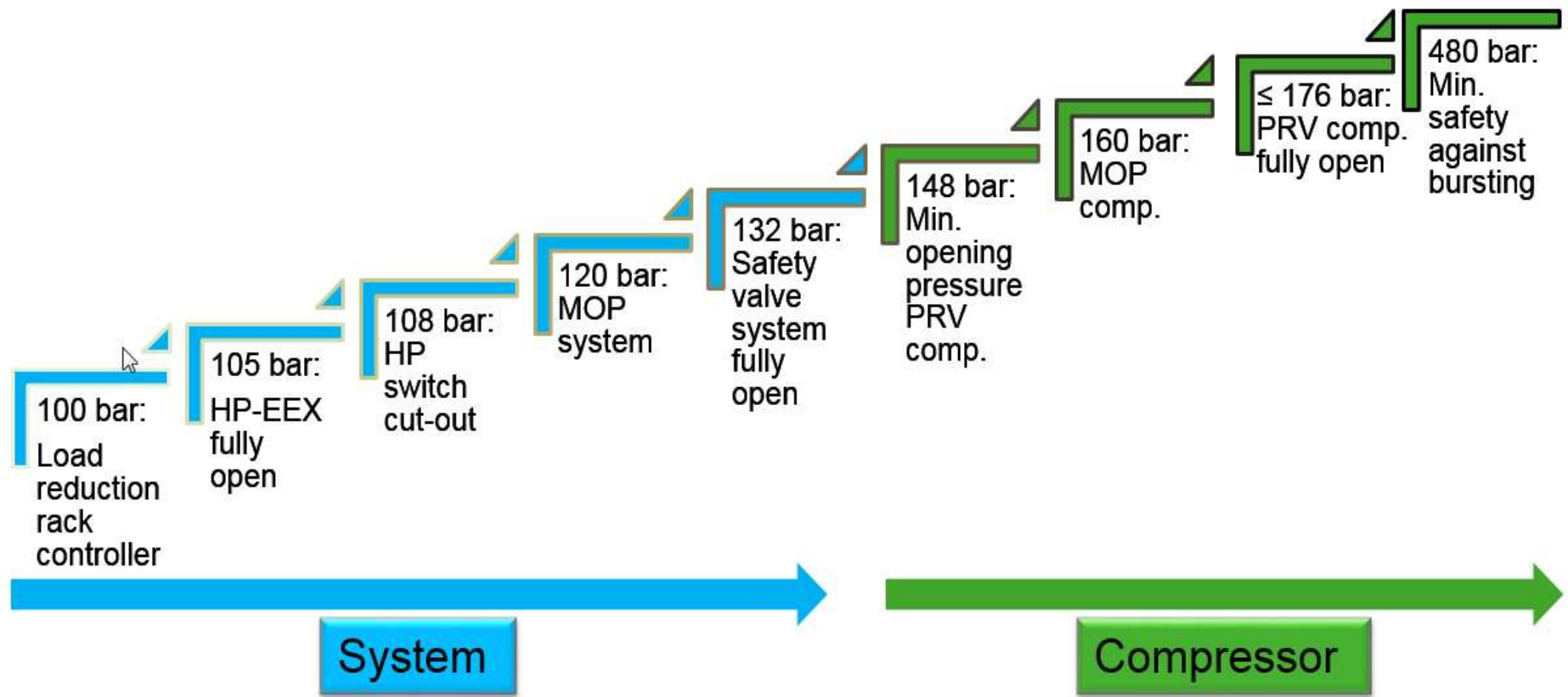


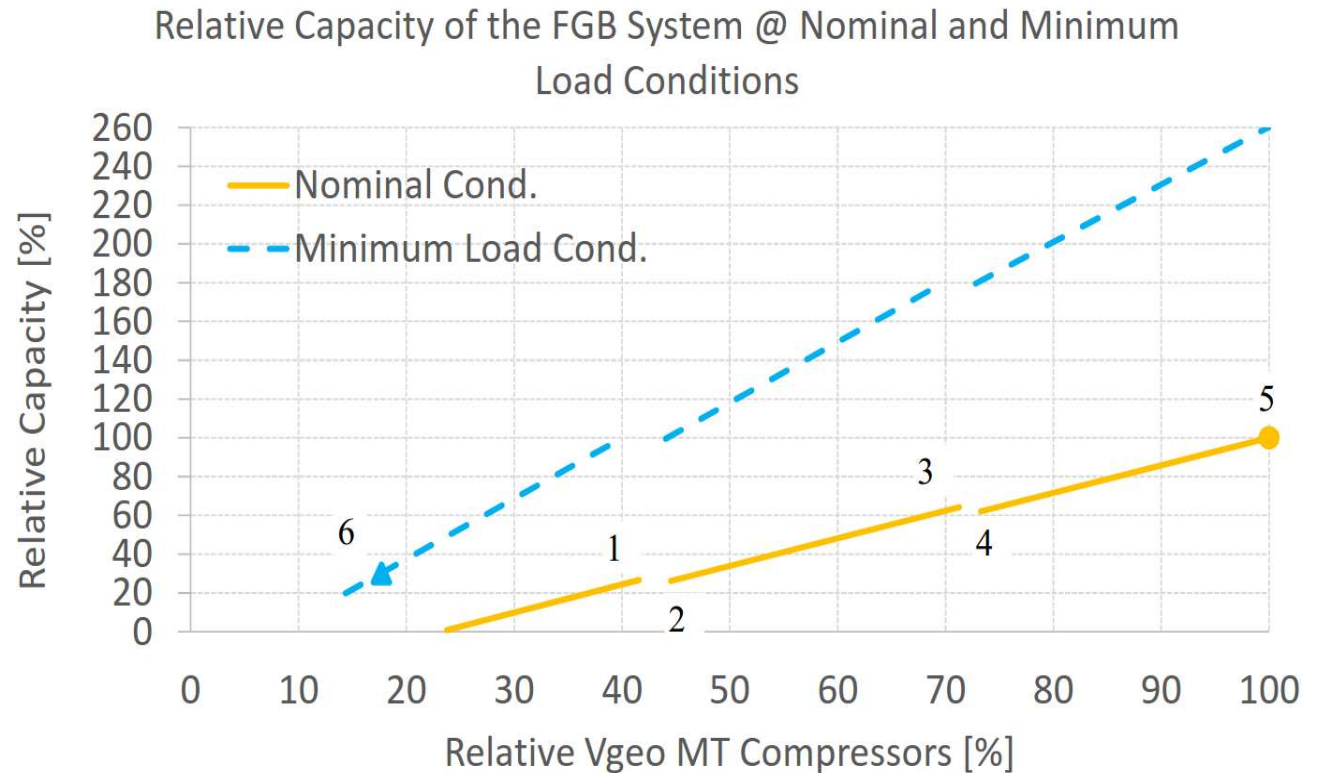
ILLUSTRATION OF AN APPLICABLE SAFETY CHAIN



RELATIVE CAPACITY OF A FGB SYSTEM UNDER DIFFERENT LOAD CONDITIONS



- // 1 – 2: C1 70 Hz, C2 and C3 off changing to C1 25 Hz, C2 on, C3 off
- // 3 – 4: C1 70 Hz, C2 on, C3 off changing to C1 25 Hz, C2 on, C3 on
- // 5: All in under full load summer conditions
- // 6: Minimum load conditions winter time “closed”: C1 operating with low but not minimum frequency.

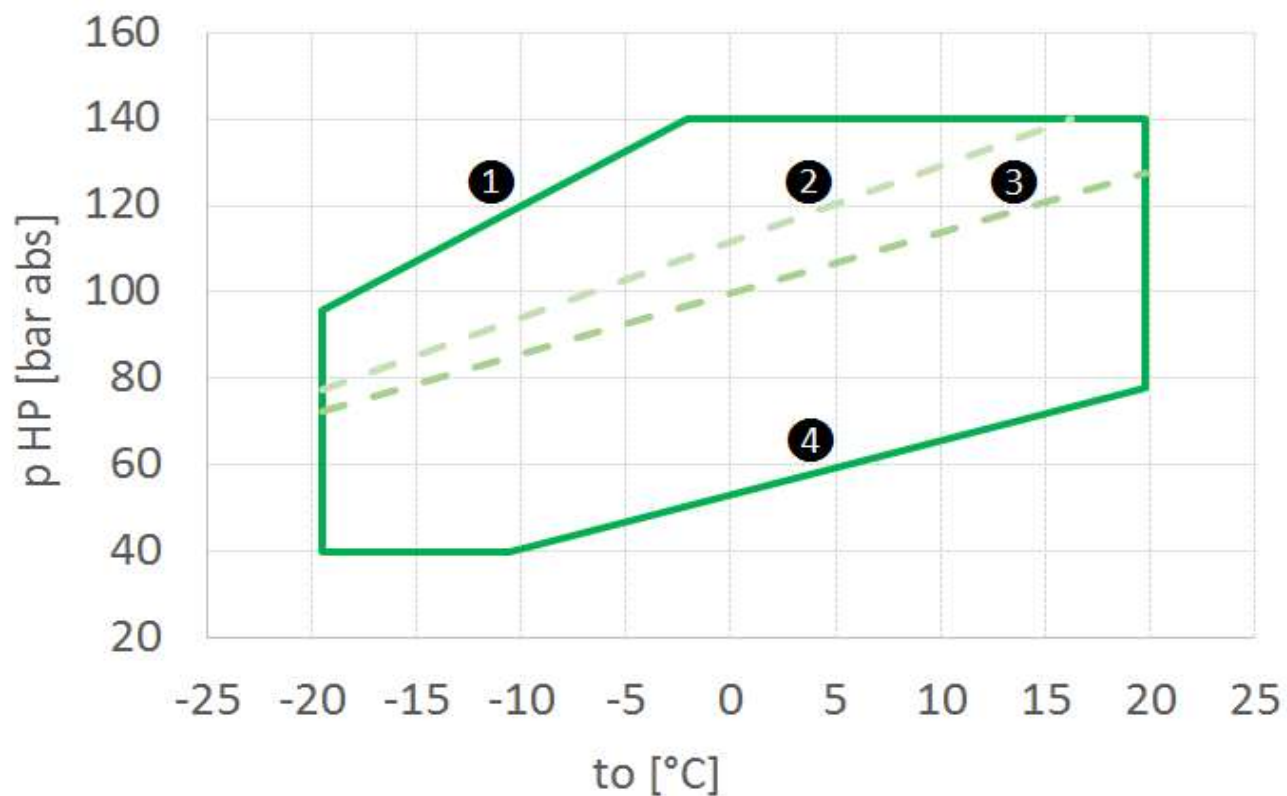


SIMPLIFIED MODEL OF A LOAD PROFILE IN COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATION IN A WARM CLIMATE



Ambient temp. DB [°C]	Bin hours annual [h]	ΔT g.c. /cond. [K]	t gc out, to applied [°C]	Bin hours OPEN [h]	Load MT OPEN [%]	Load LT OPEN [%]	Bin hours CLOSED [h]	Load MT CLOSED [%]	Load LT CLOSED [%]
-5,0	0,12	-	9,0	0,0	65,0	68,0	0,1	30,0	50,0
-2,5	3,13	-	9,0	0,7	65,0	68,0	2,4	30,0	50,0
0,0	27,84	-	9,0	7,3	65,0	68,0	20,5	30,0	50,0
2,5	79,95	8,0	10,5	23,1	65,0	68,0	56,9	30,0	50,0
5,0	318,82	8,0	13,0	95,4	65,0	68,0	223,4	30,0	50,0
7,5	510,94	8,0	15,5	174,5	65,0	68,0	336,4	30,0	50,0
10,0	957,29	8,0	18,0	374,6	65,0	68,0	582,7	30,0	50,0
12,5	916,86	8,0	20,5	403,1	66,8	69,1	513,7	30,0	50,0
15,0	1164,71	8,0	23,0	602,6	72,1	74,9	562,1	32,1	52,9
17,5	796,06	8,0	25,5	412,6	77,5	80,6	383,5	37,5	60,0
20,0	885,92	8,0	28,0	401,2	82,9	86,3	484,7	42,9	67,1
22,5	764,55	6,0	28,5	331,7	88,2	92,0	432,9	48,2	74,3
25,0	964,27	4,0	29,0	457,9	93,6	97,7	506,4	53,6	81,4
27,5	592,23	3,0	30,5	390,5	98,9	100,0	201,8	58,9	88,6
30,0	483,58	2,0	32,0	418,5	100,0	100,0	65,0	60,0	90,0
32,5	202,53	2,0	34,5	195,4	100,0	100,0	7,1	60,0	90,0
35,0	78,91	2,0	37,0	78,0	100,0	100,0	1,0	60,0	90,0
37,5	10,00	2,0	39,5	9,9	100,0	100,0	0,1	60,0	90,0
40,0	2,24	2,0	42,0	2,2	100,0	100,0	0,0	60,0	90,0
42,5	0,04	2,0	44,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	0,0	60,0	90,0

SIMPLIFIED ILLUSTRATION OF AN APPLICATION LIMIT OF A COMPRESSOR FOR TRANS-CRITICAL APPLICATIONS



LUBRICANTS



Lubricant type	Viscosity range [cSt]	Gas solubility	Tribology characteristics	Miscibility +5 .. -50°C
Polyol Ester (POE)	32 ...220 dependent on lubricant, compressor type and application	High	○ (+ ①)	Yes
Polyalpha Olefin (PAO)		Medium	+	No
Poly Alkylene Glycol (PAG)		Low	++	Partly

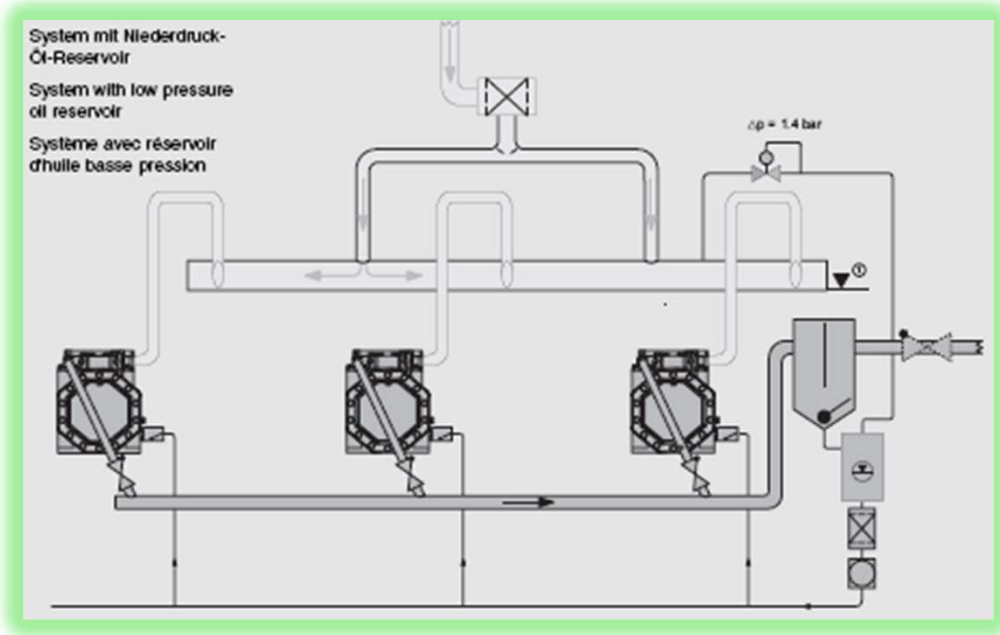
① With special anti wear additives

- POE + Good overall properties ⇒ optimal for branched systems (oil return)
– High gas solubility ⇒ strong demands on compressor design technique
- PAO + Low vapour pressure, high viscosity index ⇒ favourable with screws
– No miscibility ⇒ requires high efficiency oil separators
- PAG + Good lubrication properties & thermal stability, no reaction with water ($t < 160\text{ °C}$)
– Miscibility, lower dielectric strength, conductivity in presence of e. g. Na^+ , K^+

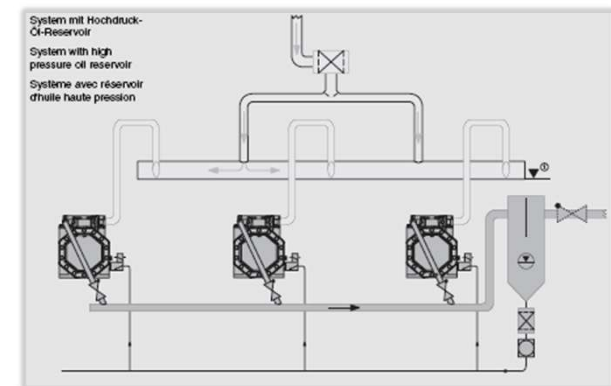
OIL MANAGEMENT



The recommended system for an active oil management: Low pressure oil reservoir



Stronger degassing effects: High pressure oil reservoir



VIBRATIONS



Data Input -- Refrigerant

Refrigerant

HP = Discharge Pressure

DGT = Discharge gas temperature

a = Sonic speed

Nominal Compressor rpm @ 50 Hz

Data Input -- Compressor

Operating frequency of the compressor

Compressor rpm, nominal

Rotational frequency of the shaft

Number of cylinders /

working strokes per revolution

R744

90 bar

120 °C

283,53 m/s

1450 min⁻¹

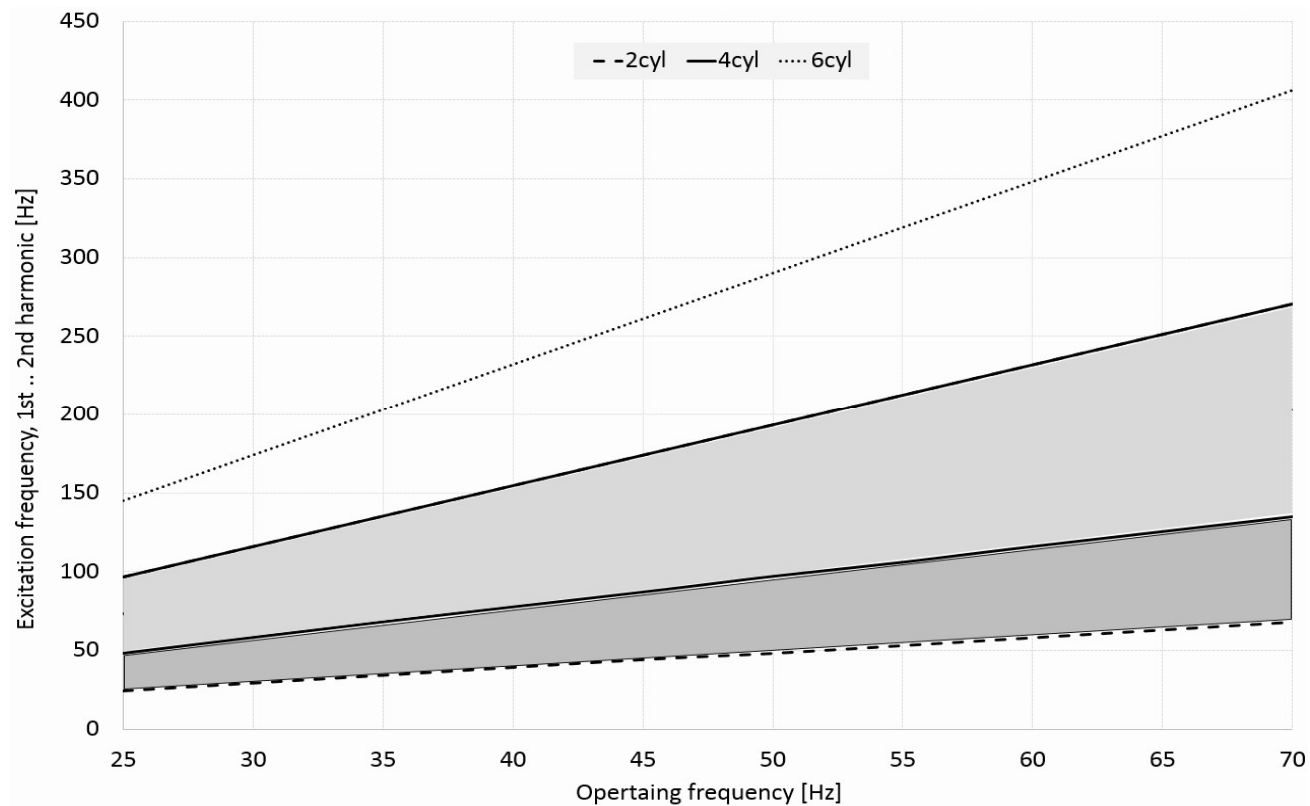
25	35	45	50	55	60	70	Hz
725	1015	1305	1450	1595	1740	2030	1/min
12	17	22	24	27	29	34	1/s
4							---

Results

Fundamental frequency of the excitation	fg=n/60*N	48	68	87	97	106	116	135 Hz
	li = Critical pipe length			li = a/2*i*f	i = Harmonic number of oscillation characteristics			
Critical pipe length 1st order	1	2,93	2,10	1,63	1,47	1,33	1,22	1,05 m
Excitation Frequency 1st order		48,3	67,7	87,0	96,7	106,3	116,0	135,3 Hz
Range of critical pipe length	10%	3,23	2,30	1,79	1,61	1,47	1,34	1,15 m
1st order	-10%	2,64	1,89	1,47	1,32	1,20	1,10	0,94 m
Critical pipe length 2nd order	2	1,47	1,05	0,81	0,73	0,67	0,61	0,52 m
Excitation Frequency 2nd order		96,7	135,3	174,0	193,3	212,7	232,0	270,7 Hz
Range of critical pipe length	10%	1,61	1,15	0,90	0,81	0,73	0,67	0,58 m
2nd order	-10%	1,32	0,94	0,73	0,66	0,60	0,55	0,47 m
Critical pipe length 3rd order	3	0,98	0,70	0,54	0,49	0,44	0,41	0,35 m
Excitation Frequency 3rd order		145,0	203,0	261,0	290,0	319,0	348,0	406,0 Hz
Range of critical pipe length	10%	1,08	0,77	0,60	0,54	0,49	0,45	0,38 m
3rd order	-10%	0,88	0,63	0,49	0,44	0,40	0,37	0,31 m
Critical pipe length 4th order	4	0,73	0,52	0,41	0,37	0,33	0,31	0,26 m
Excitation Frequency 4th order		193,3	270,7	348,0	386,7	425,3	464,0	541,3 Hz
Range of critical pipe length	10%	0,81	0,58	0,45	0,40	0,37	0,34	0,29 m
4th order	-10%	0,66	0,47	0,37	0,33	0,30	0,27	0,24 m

Excitation frequencies and critical pipe length of a four cylinder compressor at specific conditions

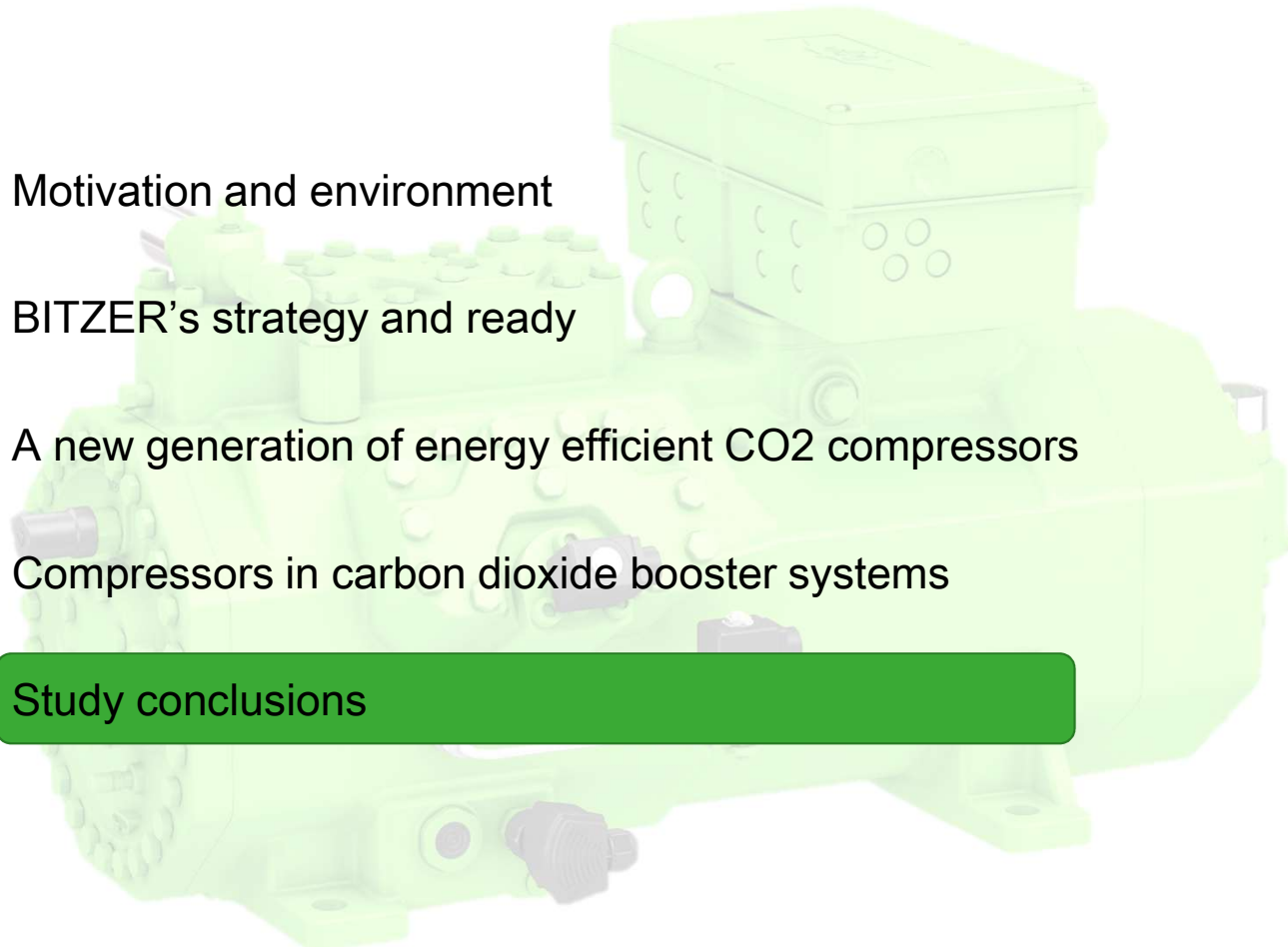
VIBRATIONS



Excitation frequencies for compressors with two, four and six cylinders from the first to the second harmonic

TABLE OF CONTENTS



- 
- // Motivation and environment
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STUDY CONCLUSIONS



- // Provide the schematic illustration of an applicable safety chain;
- // Provide the so-called VARISTEP solution, and it can be easily combined with the efficient and well-proven concepts of rack controllers;
- // Provide the simplified model of a load profile in commercial refrigeration in a warm climate;
- // Analyse the factors influencing application limits;
- // Polyol ester (POE) oils typically apply anti-wear additives to ensure good tribology characteristics, the design of BITZER CO2 compressors is tailored for POE oils;
- // Provide the effective measure about oil management for MT and LT booster systems;
- // Provide the ways about reducing vibrations of CO2 systems.
- // CO2 applications require efficient compressors at full load and part load conditions together with a smart controls, system and heat exchanger design to reduce the carbon footprint of the installations.



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